



# QUINTETTE

Pour 2 Violons, 2 Altos et Violoncelle.

ADOLPHE BLANC.

Op. 49.

2<sup>d</sup> VIOLON.

(♩ = 100)  
All<sup>o</sup> moderato.

do. *f* *p* *ff* *p* Cre - scen -

2<sup>d</sup> VIOLON.

The musical score for the 2nd Violin part consists of 14 staves of music. The notation includes various rhythmic patterns, dynamic markings, and articulation. The first staff begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic and features a series of eighth-note patterns. The second staff includes a *f* dynamic marking. The third staff has a *p* dynamic marking. The fourth staff is marked with a '6' and the instruction 'Dolce.' (Dolce). The fifth staff continues with eighth-note patterns. The sixth staff has a *p* dynamic marking. The seventh staff has a *pp* dynamic marking. The eighth staff includes a *f* dynamic marking and a trill (*tr*) marking. The ninth staff has a *p* dynamic marking. The tenth staff has a *f* dynamic marking. The eleventh staff has a *ff* dynamic marking. The twelfth staff has a *p* dynamic marking. The thirteenth staff has a *f* dynamic marking. The fourteenth staff has a *p* dynamic marking. The score concludes with a double bar line.

(♩. = 112)  
SCHERZO.

2<sup>d</sup> VIOLON.

The first section of the score consists of ten staves of music. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of two flats. The first staff has a first ending bracket labeled '1<sup>a</sup>' and a second ending bracket labeled '2<sup>a</sup>'. Dynamic markings include *fp* (fortissimo piano) and *pp* (pianissimo). The music features a variety of rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, often beamed together. The section concludes with a first ending bracket labeled '1<sup>a</sup>' and a second ending bracket labeled '2<sup>a</sup>', followed by the word 'Fin.'.

**TRIO.**

The Trio section begins with a treble clef and a key signature of two flats. It consists of seven staves of music. The first staff starts with a dynamic marking of *p* (piano). The section includes first and second ending brackets labeled '1<sup>a</sup>' and '2<sup>a</sup>'. Dynamic markings include *f* (forte) and *ff* (fortissimo). The music features a variety of rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, often beamed together. The section concludes with a first ending bracket labeled '1' and a second ending bracket labeled '2', followed by a double bar line and a repeat sign.

(♩-132)  
ADAGIO.

Segue.

The musical score consists of 14 staves of music in G major, 9/8 time. The tempo is marked 'ADAGIO'. The score begins with a dynamic of *p* and features a variety of rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, often beamed together. Dynamics range from *pp* to *ff*. Articulations include accents, slurs, and hairpins. A triplet of eighth notes is marked with a '3' above it. A first ending bracket is marked with a '1' above it. The score concludes with a *Crescendo.* marking and a final flourish.

2<sup>d</sup> VIOLON.

3  
pp

*f*

*pp*

(♩ = 144)  
Allegro.

*p* *f*

*ff*

*p*

*f* *p*

*f* *p*

*p*

*p*

1 1 3

1 1 3

2<sup>d</sup> VIOLON.

1

*Crescendo.*

*Léger.*

*pp*

*f*

*p*

*f*

*p*

*f*

*pp*

*f*

*fp*

*f*

*fp*

*f*

*f*

1

2

3

*Solo.*

*Solo.*

*Cre - scen - do.*

*Cre - scen - do.*

2<sup>d</sup> VIOLON.

ff

p

1

2

2

1

p

1

3

f

1

p

f

p

Cre - -

scen - do. f

Léger.

pp

3

f

p

f

p

tr

ff

Cre - - scen - - do.